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VOLUME 34

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JANEVILLE, WISCONSIN FRIDAY, APRIL 4, 1890.

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THE GAZETTE.

JANEVILLE, FRIDAY, APRIL 4.

STATE OF WISCONSIN.
A PROCLAMATION
BY THE GOVERNOR.

In conformity with law, I, William D. Hoard, Governor of the State of Wisconsin, do designate

Wednesday, April 30th next,

as Arbor Day, and recommend that all public schools and colleges of the state observe the same by suitable exercises, "having for their object the imparting of knowledge of horticulture, in the department known as arboriculture, and the administration of schools and public grounds."

It is my wish, I have hereto set my hand, and caused the great seal of the state of Wisconsin to be affixed, done at the capitol, in the city of Madison, this 15th day of March, A. D. 1890.

WILLIAM D. HOARD.

By the Governor:
ERNST G. TRUMMER, Secretary of State.

THE PROPOSED PENSION BILLS.

There is hardly any question before Congress that is attracting more attention than that of pensions. There are nearly a dozen important bills before Congress on this subject, all seeking to make the pension policy of the government even more liberal than it is now. There is some wisdom and justice in some of the measures, but in most of the proposed pension legislation there is much humbug and extravagance.

The senate bill which has passed that body provides that all persons who served three months or more in the army or navy, and were honorably discharged, and who are now or may hereafter be suffering from mental or physical disability, not the result of their own vicious habits, which incapacitates them from the performance of labor in such a degree as to render them unable to earn a support, shall be placed upon the list of invalid pensioners and receive \$12 a month.

But a more important provision of the senate bill is this, that if "any honorably discharged officer or enlisted man has died or shall hereafter die, leaving a widow, minor child, or children under 16 years of age, or in case there be no widow or minor child or children, a dependent mother or father, such relatives shall be placed upon the pension-roll at the rates established for them by law, without regard to the cause of death of such officer or enlisted man, provided that the cause of death was not or is not due to a violation of the civil or military laws or the result of vicious habits." This is a stretch of liberality on the part of the senate bill which will command praise from everyone.

It is doubtful, however, if that bill shall pass the house, for the reason that the house committee is preparing a bill which will be considered a substitute of the senate bill. It is different from any other bill proposed, the leading features being that the secretary of the interior is authorized and directed to place on the pension rolls of the United States the name of any officer or enlisted man of 62 years of age or over, or who shall hereafter reach that age, who shall have served ninety days or more in the army or navy of the United States during the war of the rebellion, and shall have received an honorable discharge therefrom; the pension to commence from the date of the application there or to continue during the term of life of said officer or enlisted man at the rate of eight dollars per month. Immediately upon a soldier of the late war arriving at the age of 62 years he can make an application, and when the pension is granted it will date from the application.

The dip patches from Washington say that the complaint against this bill is that the pension should begin at the age of 60, and it is said that the house will likely offer this amendment. It is said that there is also a very strong feeling that the amount of pension should be \$12 per month instead of \$8, particularly to the widows over the age of 60 who come under the third section of the proposed bill. It is barely possible that an amendment will be offered making the pension \$12 a month instead of \$8 as now provided. In fact there is a general disposition among members who have expressed their opinions concerning the bill that all the widow's pensions under it should be increased to \$12 a month.

THE COMING FIGHT.

It is very evident that the great fight of this congress will be on the tariff bill reported by the ways and means committee. This fact does not suggest an unexpected condition of things in Congress. It is very natural that there should be wars and rumors of wars regarding the tariff, for you can no more harmonize the opinions of men on that question than the voices at Babylon could be harmonized. There are too many conflicting interests to make it possible to frame a tariff bill which shall alike affect all trades and all conditions of people. The only thing the ways and means committee can do is to draw a line between the two extremes, to keep a watchful eye on the industries of the country, to provide for a high tariff only where it will best promote these industries which are helpful to the people, and to see that no monopolies or trusts can be benefited by the work of the committee.

That energetic republican newspaper and high tariff advocate, the Philadelphia Telegraph, pleading for a judicious revision of the tariff, says:

"When, with much boastfulness of its fitness and anxiety to be fair, the committee flings its door open to everybody to come in and say what revision should be like, it knew, or it should have known, that but one sort of people would ever care for it. It knew, or should have known, that every producer who had a manufacturer's tariff-tax to grind would hurry with it to the committee's grinding-stone, and that the great and overwhelming

masses of producers would not enter the door, no matter how widely they were thrown open. Indeed, it was not necessary they should do so. For years the had been demanding a tariff pure and simple for the protection of American capital and labor, for every sort and condition of capital and labor. The newspapers of the country, the depressed condition of whole states, of districts, and communities, appealed for judicious tariff revision, and indicated plainly enough what it should be like. The committee knew perfectly well what was wanted by the masses. But the committee, acting not for this country but for others, intended to add recompense to the manufacturer, the trusts, combinations, and monopolies, made a revision for them and not for the masses."

This is the sentiment of Mr. Blaine as well as of the great number of staunch republican newspapers throughout the country. All the farmers want or the republican party, is that the revision shall be carried on after the spirit of the republican platform for the past eight years, and especially in accordance with the express wishes of such eminent republican leaders as Garfield and Arthur.

If the committee shall follow the dictates of reason, and act on the dominant sentiment of the country, it will build well for itself, and well for the people.

There not only comes from Madison some democratic voices that disapprove of the Milwaukee democratic victory, but that radical democrat paper, the Chicago Herald, is intelligent enough to understand its meaning, and can clearly read the hand-writing on the wall.

The Herald is able to sling away partisanship for the time and say: "It is nothing new for Milwaukee to go democratic by a majority nearly as large as that of last Tuesday, but the victory in the city has not entailed a victory in the state, and it is no more likely to have that effect now than at any previous time. What is more, if the democracy of the state should follow in the wake of the city democracy and stakes its success on opposition to compulsory education, it will suffer a disastrous defeat. Its defeat will also be well earned and richly deserved. The state of Wisconsin has the right to Americanize its foreign population and to compel the children of its foreign-born citizens to be educated and to be taught the English language. Anything to the contrary involves a want of national self-respect, and is repugnant to the feelings and instincts of every American citizen who is worthy of the name. If the democracy of Wisconsin should commit itself to such a position it will simply invite its fate."

When such a prominent democrat paper will speak right out in this fashion, and when Mayor Doyon, and Ed. Ruymer, of the Madison Democrats, say they will take the republicans aside of the Bennett law, if it is made an issue, there is something dangerous in the air for the Wisconsin democracy.

That tinch old republican newspaper, the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, gives a few hints on the sugar trust that cannot be ignored at this peculiar time: The trust represents a few dozen refiners, while the western opponents of the trust stand for the 65,000 consumers of sugar. No sensible, honest person doubts that the refiners could make reasonable profit if the margin of protection extended to them were even half of that proposed by the committee. The trust could, two years ago, have stood off free trade, according to one of its magnates, and nobody imagines that its advantages or potency in this direction has been lessened in the interval.

That Milwaukee democratic "victory" will cost the Wisconsin democrats a good deal more than it is worth. A victory of that kind is like paying a fancy price for a miserable dinner.

It begins to look as if the Pan-American congress had no business to meet in this country, or anywhere else, and Mr. Blaine is getting this opinion in his head too.

A CHINESE JACK THE RIPPER.

Horrific Mutilation of a Woman at Helena, Montana.

HELENA, Mont., April 4.—About 6 o'clock yesterday morning a colored woman of doubtful reputation was found dead on Clare street. The body was horribly mutilated by knife wounds. There is considerable mystery attached to the case. A Chinaman was last seen to leave the woman's house, running full speed up the street and disappearing into a Chinese house. The police did not fail to obtain any information as to the identity of the man and arrested all the inmates of the house, numbering over thirty.

LATER.—It was discovered that the accident was due to a large rock on the track. The locomotive was nearly demolished and the cars were piled upon each other. Both tracks are blocked, as the cut is full of wrecked cars. Wrecking trains were at once ordered from Peekskill and Poughkeepsie, and are now at work on the wrecks, but the work is progressing slowly, owing to cramped quarters. Three men were injured, but none fatally.

They May Fight in New York.

NEW YORK, April 4.—It is not at all probable that the long-drawn-out meeting of the gladiators in the fist-ring John L. Sullivan and Peter Jackson, may take place in the rooms of the Puritan club. If all accounts are true, the size of this club is willing to put up a purse of \$25,000 to secure the meeting of the gladiators in their building. A purse of this size would undoubtedly cause the fighters to contest in the East. The California Athletic club has already spent considerable time trying to raise the purse from \$15,000 to \$20,000, and as yet seems undetermined in the matter.

RAN AWAY TO GET MARRIED.

Washington Families Treated to a Surprise by Their Children.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 4.—Sam King, son of a prominent clothier of Washington, and Maude Wallack, daughter of the late S. Wallack, a well-known broker at the Capital city, ran away to Philadelphia, got married, and then sent the news to their families and begged forgiveness. They have received telegrams from their relatives accepting the situation and asking them to return home.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Weston's Wormwood Syrup should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child's sore gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhea and a buster.

Pearl's soap secures a beautiful complexion.

FOILED BY A REPORTER.

The Horrible Work of a Chinese "Jack the Ripper" at Helena, Montana.

BOLD ATTEMPT AT ROBBERY IN A CHICAGO HOTEL.

A Jeweler Knocked Down by a Guest at the Palmer House—The Thief Caught.

CHICAGO, April 4.—Yesterday morning Hyman, Berg & Co., jewelers and diamond dealers on 12th Street, received the following letter:

"Hyman, Berg & Co.—Gentlemen: Please send, for my inspection, to room 649 in the Palmer house, several high priced stones, as I do not want to pay more than \$25 for the ring and \$65 for the pin. I fell down and sprained my ankle last night, and so am unable to visit your store. I am in a hurry, as I will leave for Louisville to-night if I am able to ride in a car. Very respectfully, R. Allen."

The firm telephoned to the Palmer house to find out what was known there of Mr. Allen. The reply came back that nothing was known of him except that such a person was occupying the room mentioned to which he had been assigned three days before, without giving his residence.

William A. Bigler, a salesman for the firm, went to Allen's room with a package of diamonds worth about \$1,500 in his pocket. He also took with him to the room Louis Perret, one of the hotel porters, and stationed him just outside the door. Allen was in his room bathing in warm water the foot he said he had injured. Negotiations for the diamonds were short. Allen picked out a ring worth \$65 and a pin worth \$125.

"Bundle the rest of them up while I get dressed," said Allen, as he drew the bare foot out of the water and stood around back of Bigler and Perret down to take something from under the mattress on the bed. The salesman was about to look behind him, for he had suspicions all the while, when he was half stunned by a terrific blow on the head. He got upon his feet and faced his assailant in time to partly ward off the next blow. But the heavy cane in Allen's hand, after breaking on Bigler's arm, descended with force enough to cut a deep gash in the latter's shoulder.

The wounded man screamed, and Allen, without stopping to grab the package of diamonds, rushed out of the room and down the hall-way. Perret, the porter, followed, but lost the fleet-footed robber in a blind passage way. Cecil Gregg, the time-keeper, saw the thief go into a room on the fifth floor that had been broken into to partly ward off the next blow. But the heavy cane in Allen's hand, after breaking on Bigler's arm, descended with force enough to cut a deep gash in the latter's shoulder.

Allen is about 5 feet 3 inches in height, thick-set, dark-complexioned, with a short, stubby black mustache and black hair, worn pompadour. From what papers were found in his pocket he seems to have been lately in Philadelphia and Washington. He would say nothing of his identity or his past. Of his present trouble he said: "Before God this is my first offense since I left home."

"This is my first offense since I ever been guilty of a crime. I am willing to plead guilty and go to prison, but I am not willing to tell my true name and bring disgrace on my poor mother and father."

TO KEEP OFF THE MOR.

Anthony Thomas, Colored, Escorted From the Jail to the Court By Soldiers.

JACKSON, Miss., April 4.—Sheriff Harding of this county has been ordered by Judge Mayers to bring Anthony Thomas, the negro charged with the murder of Miss Laflin of Smith county, before the magistrate at Polkville to testify in the case of his brother, who is charged with having been accessory to the murder.

Anthony Thomas is the negro who has been confined in the penitentiary for safe keeping until the June term of the Circuit court of Smith county, because of threats of mob violence. Gov. Stone has been severely criticised by some of the State papers for his action in the matter, although he had the endorsement of the greater part of the State for the protection afforded the prisoner pending his trial.

Sheriff Harding considered it unsafe to take Thomas to Smith county, and asked for protection in carrying out the order. Gov. Stone ordered the Capital light-guards of this city to accompany the sheriff as a guard. The sheriff left here early this morning with the prisoner escorted by the militia company and a posse of special deputies.

MYSTERY AT WAUKESHA.

Conductor Alswarth Shot and Seriously Wounded.

WAUKESHA, Wis., April 4.—About 8 o'clock last night L. W. Alswarth, a conductor on the Wisconsin Central railroad, was mysteriously shot at his home in this city and taken to Milwaukee by special train at once for surgical treatment. The wounded man refuses to make any statement regarding the shooting except to say that it was accidental. He is in a very critical condition.

GRANTED THE DEMAND.

Stone Quarry Owners at Joliet Agree to Pay the Men \$1.75 a Day.

JOLIET, Ill., April 4.—What threatened to be a serious strike among the quarrymen of this section, and throw the people into great pecuniary loss yesterday, was happily averted by the stone quarry owners conceding the demands of the strikers for \$1.75 per day. The settlement was made that forenoon and the army of marching strikers has resumed work.

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GRISWOLD & SANBORN'S SPECIALTIES.

CARDINAL GASOLINE STOVES,

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Anthony Wayne Washing Machines, Cheapest and Best.

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Bardwood, Zinc Lined, Charcoal Filled, with Perfect Ventilation. The only Refrigerator made by the United States Government. Endorsed by the Royal Household.

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N. B. Our Motto: Not to be undersold on equal quality of goods.

WINDSTORMS IN ILLINOIS.

Several Towns Visited by Small Hurricanes Yesterday.

GALENA, Ill., April 4.—This city was visited by a hurricane at about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. It came from the northwest and was accompanied by a rumbling sound. The roof of the Armbruster & Ross furniture factory was partially destroyed and the costly stock of the Galena boot and shoe factory was blown down.

MONMOUTH, Ill., April 4.—A small cyclone closed down on this city yesterday morning and some damage resulted, but the storm fortunately lifted and passed over the principal portion of the city. Part of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy roundhouse was blown down. Several roundhouses were damaged and roofs blown away.

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AT Urbana.

CHAMPAIGN, Ill., April 4.—During a violent wind and rain storm at Urbana yesterday morning the roofs of three business houses were blown off. No other damage is reported.

ALERO, Ill., April 4.—A cyclone struck about half a mile west of this city at about 12 m. m., demolishing William Graham's residence. Little other damage was done.

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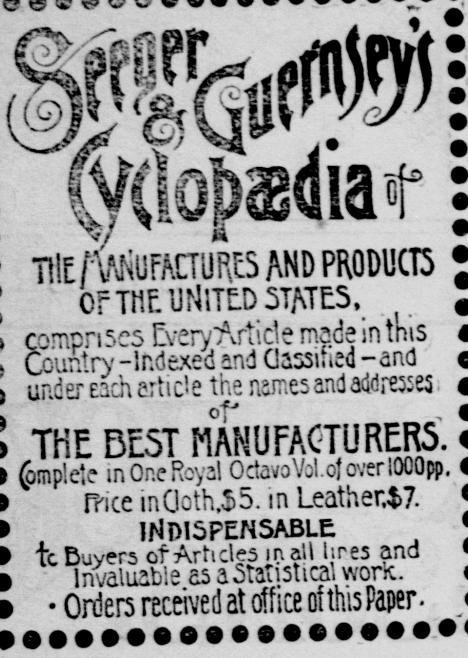
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THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

A DAY'S BUSINESS IN CONGRESSIONAL HALLS.

The House Passes the Bill for the Admission of Idaho—Democrats Refuse to Vote.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—In the House on motion of Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts, a petition from the New England Shays and Leather association against the imposition of a duty upon leather skins was ordered to stand on Record.

On motion of Mr. Dingley, of Maine, the Senate bill was passed to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to gather full and authentic information as to the present condition and preservation of the fur seal interests of the government in the region of Alaska, as compared with its condition in 1870; also full information as to the impending extinction of the sea otter industry.

On motion of Mr. Hitt of Illinois, from the committee on foreign affairs, the Senate passed a resolution directing the requesting the President to invite from time to time, as fit occasions may arise, negotiations with any government with which the United States may have diplomatic relations to the end that any differences or disputes arising between the governments which can not be adjusted by diplomatic agency may be referred to arbitration.

On Mr. Hitt's motion a resolution was adopted calling on the President for information concerning the correspondence between the United States and Mexico relating to the seizure of Tampico of the schooner Rebecca in 1884.

On motion of Mr. Lansing, of New York, from the Committee on Military Affairs, a bill was passed authorizing the Secretary of War to deliver to the State of Colorado flags carried by Colorado regiments.

On motion of Mr. Cutcheon of Michigan, from the same committee, a bill was passed amending the articles of war so as to provide that when the punishment of confinement is imposed, the犯人 is left with the court-martial, the punishment in time of peace shall not be in excess of a limit prescribed by the president.

Also a bill to prohibit the entry of debts into the United States was paid in January last. It is expected, however, that a part of this money will be refunded, owing to the bogus nature of some of the claims. The financial condition of the country, President Diaz declares, is flourishing, and Mexico's credit abroad is stronger than ever before.

MUST REFUND THE \$10.

Decision of the Iowa Railroad Commission as to a Lost Mileage Book.

DES MOINES, Iowa, April 4.—Wabb Shultz, a traveling man, bought a \$2,000 ticket to the Iowa Central and paying therefore \$50. It was one of that kind of books providing a rebate of \$10 upon the return of the cover. Shultz lost it before the mileage was exhausted, and applied to the company to refund the \$10. This was refused, and Shultz appealed to the railway commission.

In a majority opinion, signed by Campbell and Smith, it is held that the company should return the money, but Shultz should give an indemnifying bond against a subsequent presentation of the contract on the cover. Commissioner Dix dissent.

The House then resumed the consideration of the Idaho admission bill.

Mr. Springer of Illinois said that the majority of the committee on territories had seen fit to frame the Idaho bill in such a way as to secure partisan legislation instead of the proper legislation to bring a State into the Union. The majority, he said, is an amendment providing that a new constitution should be voted on by the people of the territory, as had been done in the case of Dakota, Montana, and Washington.

Under the Idaho constitution not a member of the Mormon church would be allowed to vote. Even a Gentile if he dropped a nickel into a Mormon contribution box would be deprived of the right of suffrage. He did not object to the admission of Idaho, but he thought she should be treated as another new state had been treated by Congress.

Mr. Henderson of Iowa said that the attitude of the Democratic party was a familiar sight to the country. It was the Democratic party behind its old shield—constitution of its own making, not a constitution made by the fathers. The Democratic party was a polygamist. It had a whole batch of wives. [Laughter.] Slavery was one; slave territory was another; treason was another [derisive laughter on the Democratic side]; corrupt ballot-boxes were another; and now polygamy was added to the list.

After further debate the vote was taken on the amendment of the minority providing for the holding of a new constitutional convention. It was rejected—yeas, 111; nays, 125. The next amendment was one providing for a vote upon the present constitution. The amendment was rejected—yeas, 104; nays, 121.

On motion of Mr. Hitt the bill of the Democrats refrained from voting. One of the reading clerks was busily engaged in noting down the names of Democrats present and refusing to vote. The Democrats say they intend to make this a test case and to have the courts pass upon the constitutionality of the rules allowing the Speaker to count a quorum. It had been intended to make one of the contested election cases a test case, but as this could be done by a suit for salary brought in the Court of Claims this course was abandoned and the present action decided upon.

The bill was passed—yeas, 129; nays 1 (Mr. Buckalew). The Speaker counted a quorum.

The Senate.

Mr. Blair, at his own request, was excused from further service on the committee on public lands, and Mr. Pettigrew was appointed in his place.

The Senate spent most of the session in debating the Chinese enumeration bill, which finally went over to Monday. The Montana Senatorial contest was also discussed and laid over without action. Senate bills were passed appropriating \$75,000 for a public building at Aurora, Illinois; \$100,000 for a public building at Leavenworth, Col.; to reorganize and establish the customs district of Puget sound.

Mr. Morton announced that he expected to be absent several days next week, and Mr. Cullom offered a resolution declaring Mr. Ingalls elected president pro tempore. The resolution was adopted and the oath was administered to Mr. Ingalls, who at once assumed the duties of the office.

SENATOR BECK MAY RETIRE.

The Kentuckian Said to Be in Danger of Physical Collapse.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—There is a report about the capitol that Senator Beck is to retire from the Senate on account of ill health and that Mr. Carlisle will probably succeed him. His doctors have told him, it is said, and he is convinced that it is true, that if he attempts close mental application to any perplexing subject of legislation, such as the tariff or finances, in which he has heretofore been the main stay of his party in the Senate, it will certainly result in his complete break-down. He is not content to stay in the Senate as a passive element.

THE REFORM CONFERENCE.

Session of the Body at Washington—in Favor of Sunday Rest.

Washington, April 4.—The reform conference, an organization formed for the purpose of bringing religion into the settlement of political and state affairs, is in session in this city, and has adopted a platform declaratory in favor of employing the teachings of the Bible in the settlement of public affairs and of the insertion of the name of the Supreme Being in the constitution. The platform also approves the Blair Sunday rest bill and all measures against gambling, pool selling, and the liquor traffic.

A committee from the conference reported that a call had been made upon the President, who had received them kindly. The President, they reported, said that for good reasons he did not wish to be compelled to make a response to their address setting forth the objects of the association, and had added that its objects were so complicated that he would require time for their consideration.

TO WEAK MEN.

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, listlessness, etc. Will send a valuable treatise (self-contained) containing a complete system of physical and spiritual medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address:

PROF. F. C. FOWLER, Mound, Conn.

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THE GAZETTE.

THE OFFICIAL CITY PAPER.

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40 lb. Daily, per month 2.25
100 lbs lots or over, per hundred 2.50
Ton Lots & over, per ton 3.00

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Iowa, having permanently located here,

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North Bluff street.

Our men say we are right in think-

ing that we never offered a bigger bar-

gan than our 14-yards-for-a-dollar

shirting. J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

When you want something new and

handsome in the crockery line. Whee-

lcock's ready with it.

Suggestions of a hundred pretty things

for Easter tokens, at Whee-

lcock's.

A fine assortment of etchings, engrav-

ings and art goods at Sutherlands

FOR SALE.—House and lot, 12 Milton

avenue; JAS. VAN SICKLEN.

New spring styles of wall papers, bor-

ders and curtains, just received, direct

from manufacturers, at J. Sutherland &

Sons' Bookstore. Splendid goods. Call

and see them.

Baby carriages, baby carriages and tri-

cycles. Finest assortments in the city.

Call and get prices before buying.

SPRONG & SNYDER.

Persian cashmores (cotton) hand-woven

lot, recently received.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SON.

For Rent.

A good sized house, conveniently lo-

cated on Jackson street, in good repair.

Apply of Silas Haynor, room 10, Jack-

son block.

Another rare indument—a late ar-

rival—29 pieces of wool flannel 54 inches

wide. We will cut these off at

37½ cents a yard.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Smith & Gateley's prices for ice to pri-

vate houses are the same as those charged

at Madison, Watertown, Milwaukee and

other cities in Wisconsin for several

years past.

Tickets for Ice.

Commencing April 1st, we will sell

tickets for ice to parties who buy ice by

the ton or hundred weight at prices ad-

vertised in another column. We will

also furnish tickets for residences where

ice is not wanted daily. These tickets

will purchase 10 cent's worth of ice and

will be sold in packages of ten at \$1.00

per package. Daily customers will be

supplied 25 lbs. per day for \$2.00 per

month and 40 lbs. per day for \$2.50

a month. Tickets can be had at our of-

fice or at the wagons.

SMITH & GATELEY.

If you want a fine, new home in this

city, see me before you buy. J. CONGER

J. Conger's office is the place for bar-

gains in houses, lots, farms and western

land.

A few boarders wanted at 206 South

Franklin street.

Money to loan on long time with good

security. METCALF & CROFT.

PEOPLE'S ICE CO.

PRICE LIST 1890.

25 lbs. per day, \$2.00 per month.

40 lbs. per day, \$2.50 per month.

Ice by the hundred 25 cents.

Ice by the ton, \$3.00.

Wonderful Cheap.

3 lots 33 yard st. at one-half real value if

taken this week.

J. G. SAXE.

Money to loan by D. Conner.

For RENT—A desirable house with

barn and garden. Apply 308 So. Jackson.

Sooth striped shirking 37 inches

wide. Width makes the length with a

four inch yoke; 2½ yards is enough for

a skirt. Our prices for them is 25 cents

a yard. Cheap. J. M. BOSTWICK & SON.

The place to buy your tea, coffee and

spices is at the old reliable China Tea

Store, the only exclusive tea, coffee and

spice house in the city, 541 West Milwau-

kee street.

WANTED—Three good men to sell for

us, either on salary or commission. Ad-

dress, May Brothers, Necesaries, Roch-

ester, N. Y.

For extra grades of hard and soft coal,

call on David K. Jeffries.

Fresh roasted coffee every day at the

China Tea Store.

We have nothing to say, but if you

are looking for wall paper call and see

what we have. E. J. KENT & CO.

Hay.

Good timothy hay in bales delivered

to any part of the city. For sale at west

and Milwaukee street. Telephone No.

A. E. BURKE.

Cutaway and sack business suits in

great variety and at living prices at

Zeigler's.

For SALE—at a bargain, two second

hand boilers in good repair, one eight

and one twenty-five horse power, and a

good second hand six horse power engine.

GARRETT PRINTING CO.

Our stock of building material is now

complete in every respect. Parties ex-

pecting to build the coming season

should call and get our prices before

placing their orders. We will please

you both as to quality and price.

DAVID K. JEFFRIES.

A new lot of wood just received, in-

cluding Rock maple, second growth

oak, etc., which will be sold at

lowest living prices.

DAVID K. JEFFRIES.

BRIEFLETS.

Dear Miss Olaf Krarer,
Belmont east 1,324 votes on Tuesday:

N. O. W. Club dance Tuesday even-

ing, April 5th.

The Janeville Steam Laundry does

the best work in the city.

The winter term of the public schools

will close to-day. Vacation one week.

O. E. Kitter drew the white embroi-

dered dress and silk cash at The Magnet-

We would call our readers' attention

to J. L. Ford's "spring ad" in another

column:

Miss Krarer's subject will be "Green-

land. Its Inhabitants, Manners and

Customs."

Try the Janeville Steam Laundry for

the finest kind of work. Satisfaction

guaranteed.

The N. O. W. Club will give a party at

the armory Tuesday evening April 8th.

Smith & Anderson will furnish the

music.

The W. U. T. U. hold their regular

monthly meeting Saturday afternoon at

four o'clock, at Mrs. Hawes', 61 West

Milwaukee street.

People's Lodge No. 460, Independent

Order of Good Templars, assemble in

regular weekly meeting this evening—

lodge room in the Court Street M. E.

church block.

Olive Branch Lodge No. 36, Ancient

Order of United Workmen, assemble in

regular semi-monthly meeting this even-

ing—lodge room in the Elberry hall, East

Milwaukee street.

The funeral of the late John Hollings-

worth will be held from Trinity church,

at eleven o'clock Saturday morning, the

Rev. James Slidell officiating. A de-

livery of Odd Fellows from Evansville

will be present.

The Rock River Encampment No. 3, I. O.

O. F., occupy Odd Fellow's hall this

evening—regular semi-monthly meeting.

There will be work in the Royal Purple

Degree. It is expected that visitors

from Evansville, Beloit and other places

will be present.

Resolved, That we have the sym-

pathy of many friends in their hour of

affliction.

Mr. Walden expressed himself as highly

pleased with the city and surroundings,

and said he hoped to bring an enter-

prise that would be creditable and

contribute to the general prosperity. He

plead guilty, and Judge Patterson sen-

tenced him to sixty days in jail.

A tramp was also before the court, and

was sentenced to six days at hard labor,